

Fundamentos de Entretenimiento Digital

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Patrones de Diseño

Los patrones de diseño **nombran, explican y evalúan**
un **diseño importante y recurrente**
en los sistemas de software



Erich Gamma



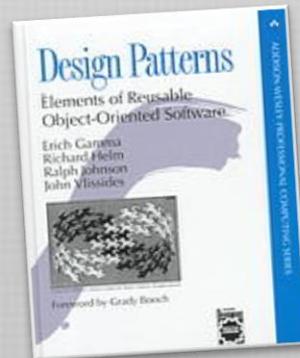
Ralph Johnson



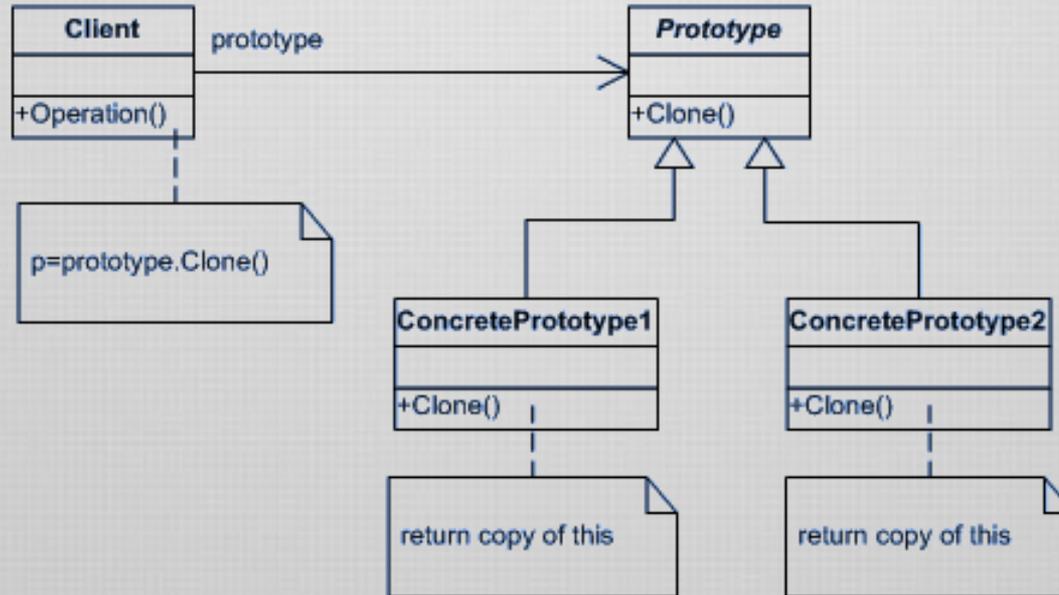
John Vlissides



Richard Helm



Patrón Prototype



Patrón Prototype

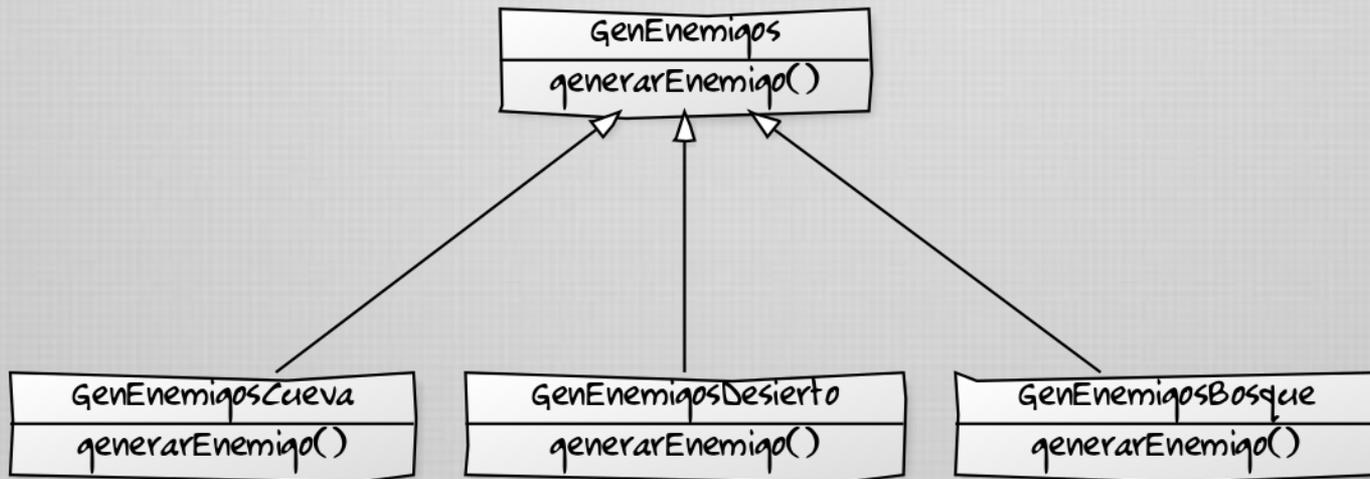


Patrón Prototype

Problema

Generar enemigos para cada bioma, según sean **muy** frecuentes, **algo** frecuentes o **poco** frecuentes

Alternativa de Solución

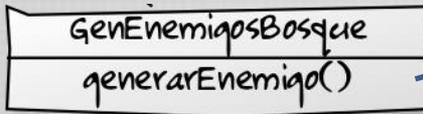


generarEnemigo() genera un enemigo en una posición al azar
Cada subclase genera más de unos que de otros, según el bioma

Patrón Prototype

Problema

Generar enemigos para cada bioma, según sean **muy** frecuentes, **algo** frecuentes o **poco** frecuentes



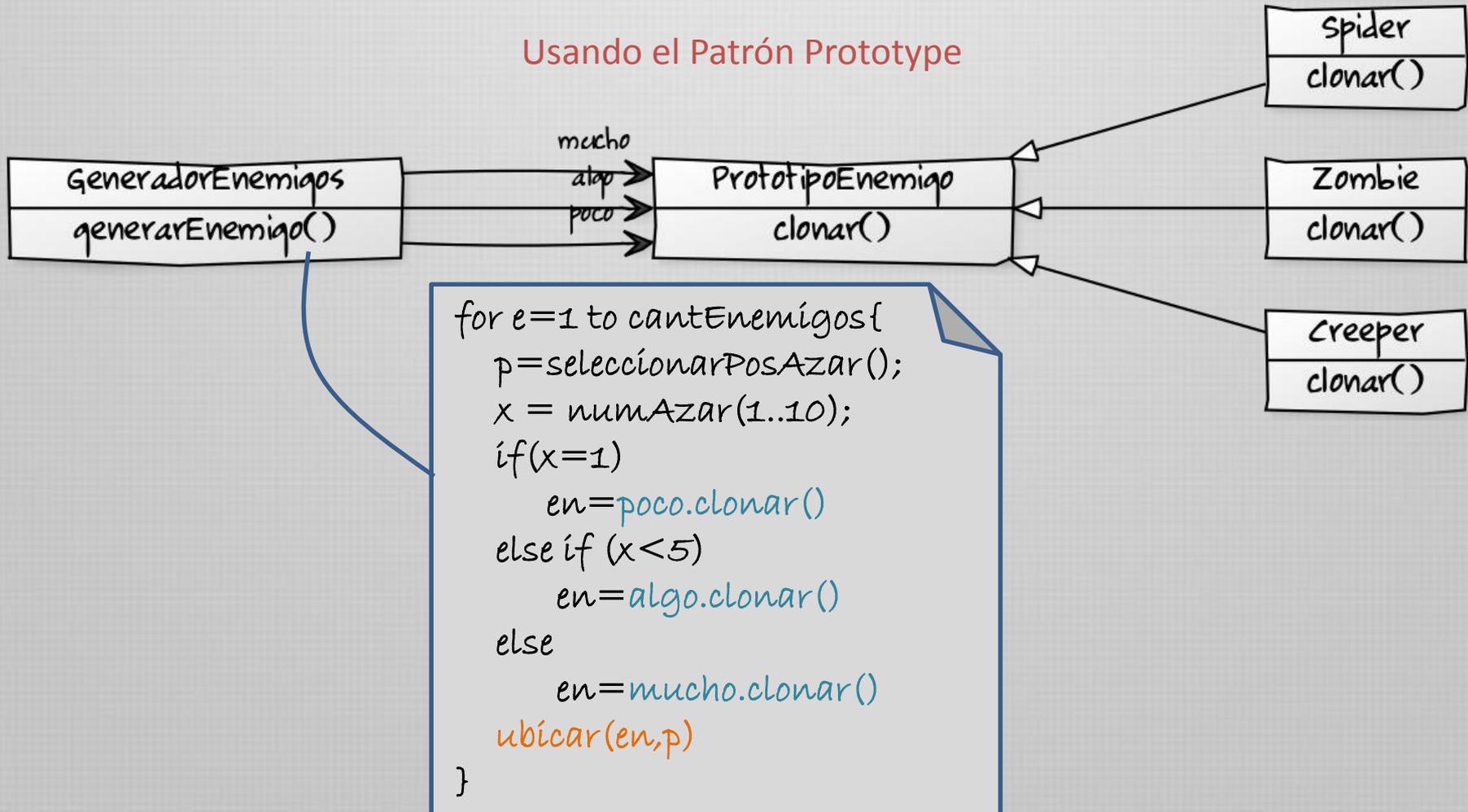
```
for e=1 to cantEnemigos{
  p=seleccionarPosAzar();
  x = numAzar(1..10);
  if(x=1)
    crearCreeper(p)
  else if (x<5)
    crearZombie(p)
  else
    crearSpider()
}
```

Patrón Prototype

Problema

Generar enemigos para cada bioma, según sean **muy** frecuentes, **algo** frecuentes o **poco** frecuentes

Usando el Patrón Prototype



Patrón State



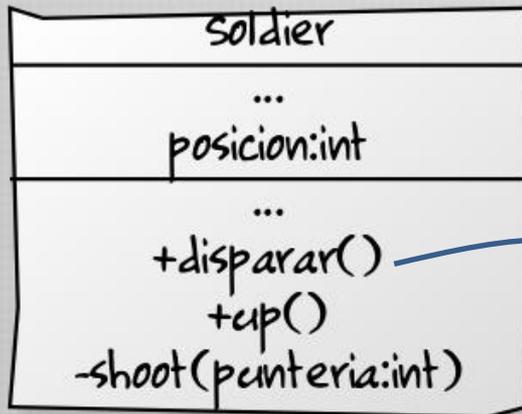
standing



kneeling



running



```
if (posición=1)//standing
then
  shoot(7);
else if (posición=2) //kneeling
then
  shoot(8)
else if (posición=3) //running
then
  shoot(2)
```

Patrón State



standing



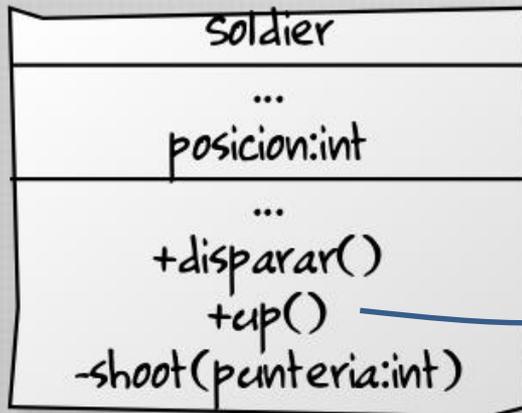
kneeling



running

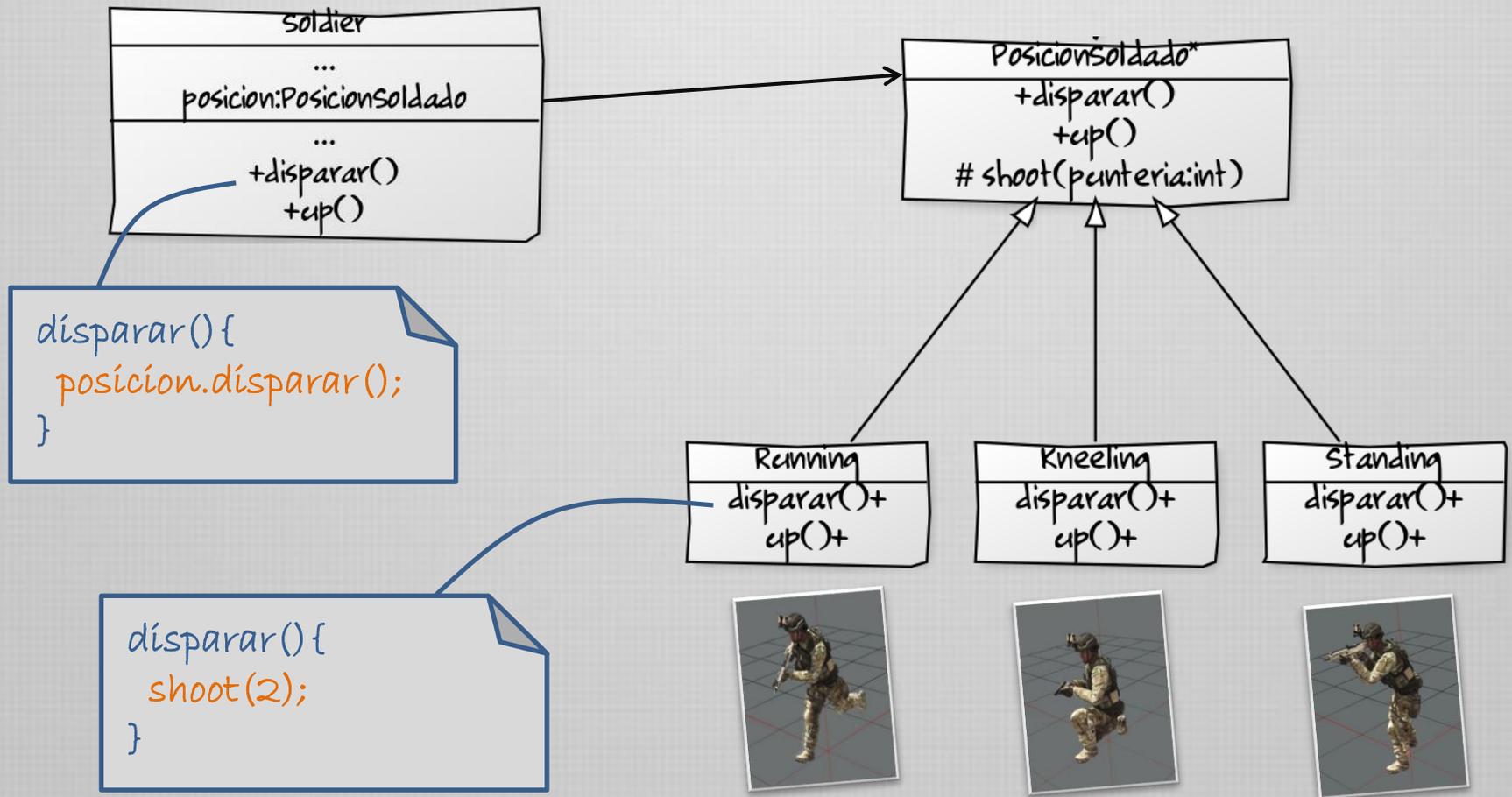


down

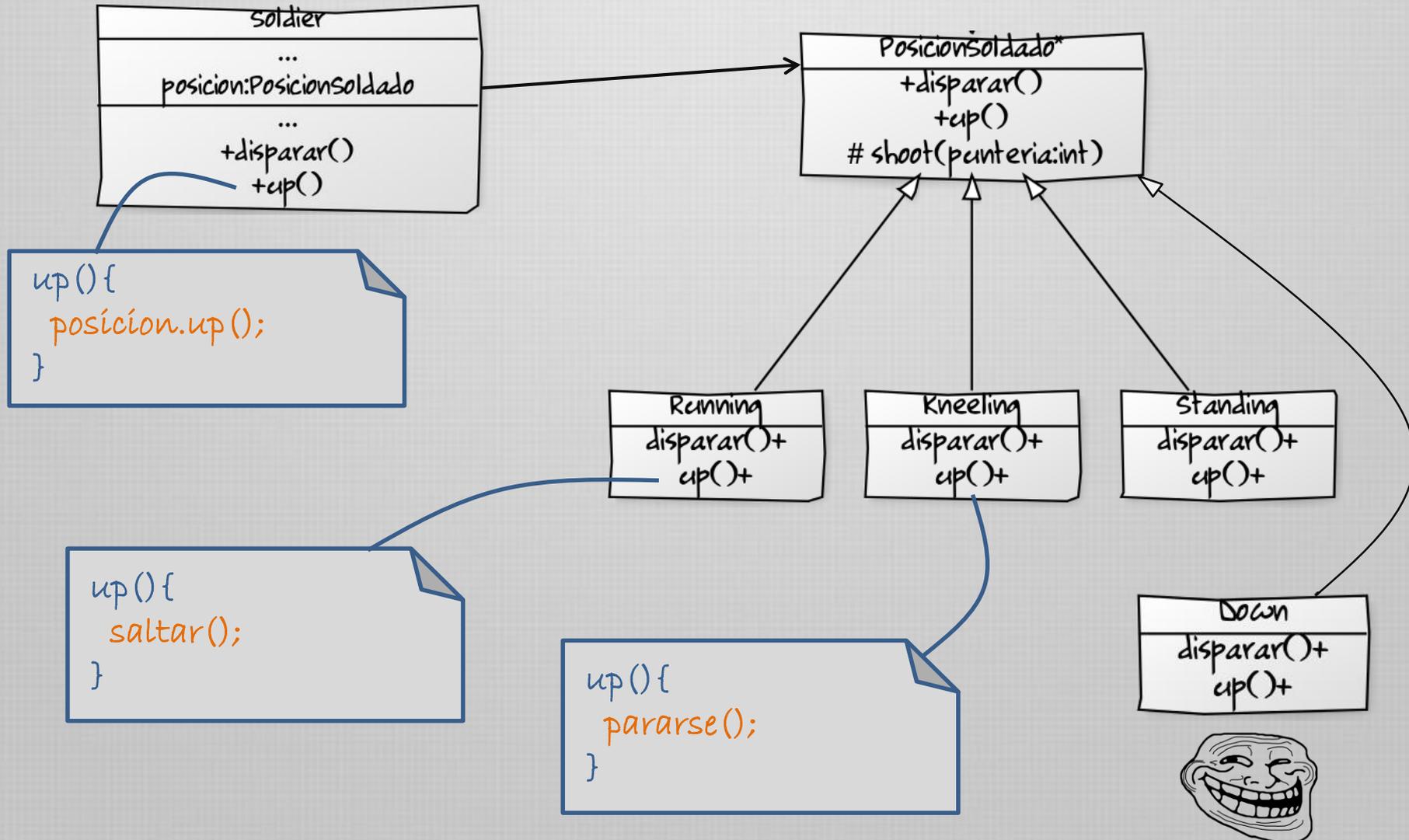


```
if (posición=1) //standing
then
  saltar()
else if (posición=2) //kneeling
then
  pararse()
else if (posición=3) //running
then
  saltar()
```

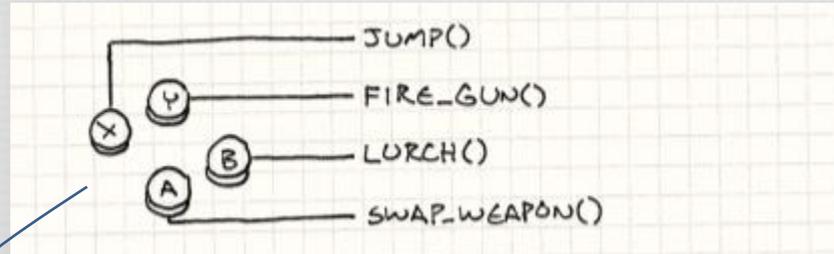
Patrón State



Patrón State

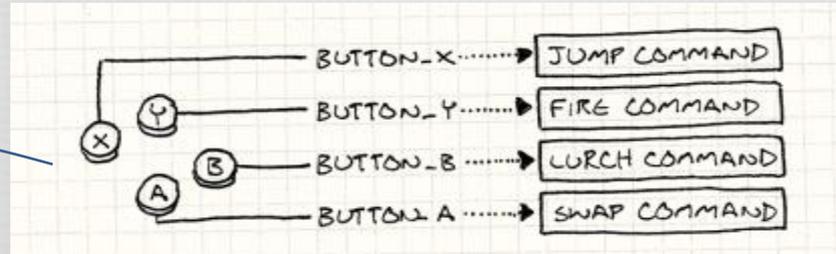


Patrón Command



```
void InputHandler::handleInput()
{
    if (isPressed(BUTTON_X)) jump();
    else if (isPressed(BUTTON_Y)) fireGun();
    else if (isPressed(BUTTON_A)) swapWeapon();
    else if (isPressed(BUTTON_B)) lurchIneffectively();
}
```

Patrón Command



```
class InputHandler {
```

```
...  
private:  
    Command* buttonX_  
    Command* buttonY_  
    Command* buttonA_  
    Command* buttonB_  
};
```

```
class Command {
```

```
public:  
    virtual ~Command() {}  
    virtual void execute() = 0;  
};
```

```
class JumpCommand : public Command
```

```
{  
public:  
    virtual void execute() { jump(); }  
};
```

```
void InputHandler::handleInput()  
{  
    if (isPressed(BUTTON_X)) buttonX_->execute();  
    else if (isPressed(BUTTON_Y)) buttonY_->execute();  
    else if (isPressed(BUTTON_A)) buttonA_->execute();  
    else if (isPressed(BUTTON_B)) buttonB_->execute();  
}
```

Patrones

En general, todos los patrones GoF son potencialmente útiles para videojuegos



son soluciones a problemas recurrentes en el diseño de software



John Doran explica muchos de los patrones GoF en el contexto de los juegos



Robert Nystrom reconoce otros patrones no-GoF como importantes para el diseño de juegos

Sequencing Patterns
Behavioral Patterns
Decoupling Patterns
Optimization Patterns



Staffan Bjork adopta otra visión de patrones diferente a la clásica de problema-solución

Patrones

Sequencing Patterns

Son patrones que permiten modelar aspectos del tiempo en videojuegos



Robert Nystrom



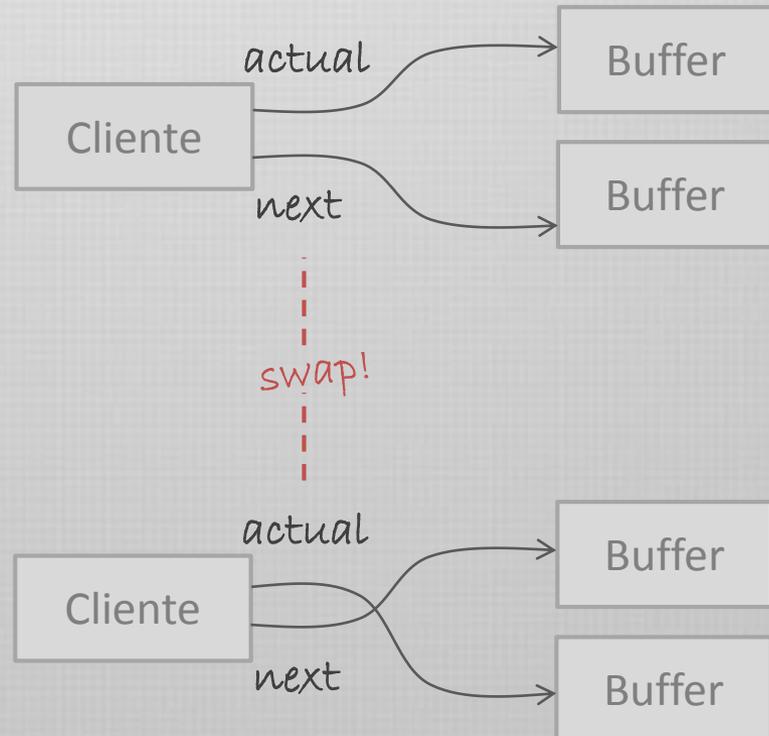
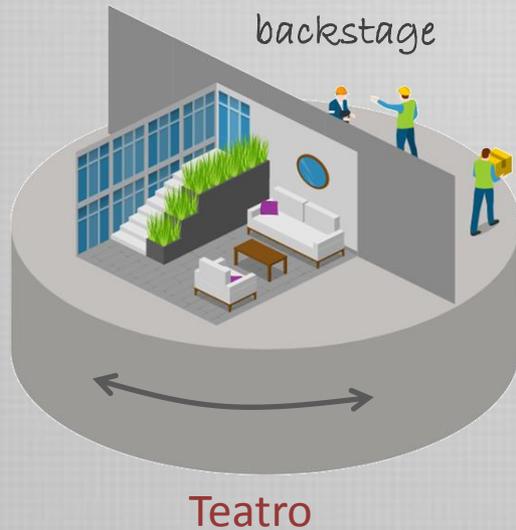
Patrones

Sequencing Patterns

Son patrones que permiten modelar aspectos del tiempo en videojuegos



Robert Nystrom



Patrones

Sequencing Patterns

Son patrones que permiten modelar aspectos del tiempo en videojuegos



Robert Nystrom

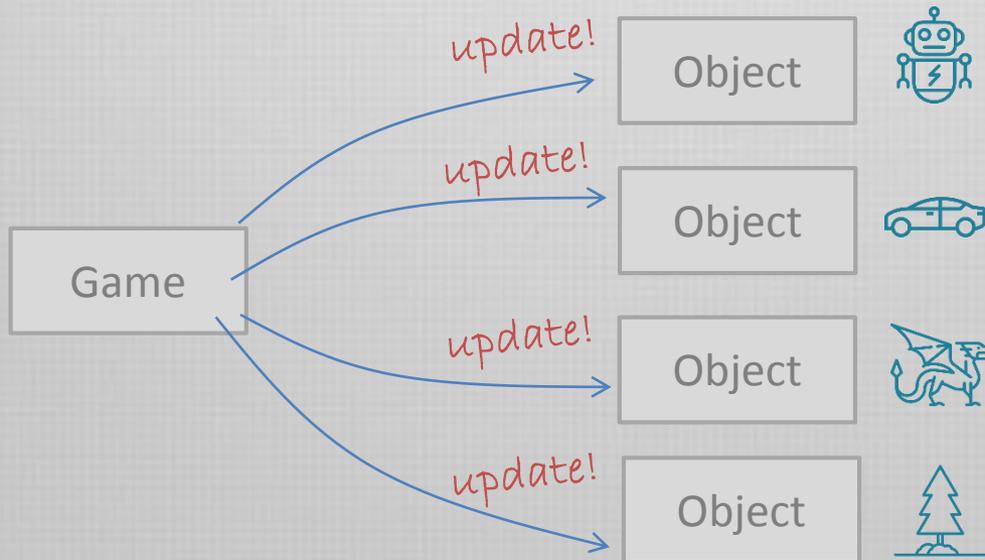
Patrones

Sequencing Patterns

Son patrones que permiten modelar aspectos del tiempo en videojuegos



Robert Nystrom



Patrones

Behavioral Patterns

Son patrones que modelan ciertos aspectos relacionados con el comportamiento de elementos del juego



Robert Nystrom



Patrones

Behavioral Patterns

Son patrones que modelan ciertos aspectos relacionados con el comportamiento de elementos del juego

Bytecode

Subclass Sandbox

Type Object



Robert Nystrom



```
setHealth(int wizard, in amount)
setWisdom(int wizard, in amount)
setAgility(int wizard, in amount)
playSound(int soundId)
spawnParticles(int particleType)
```



```
enum Instruction{
    INST_SET_HEALTH = 0x00,
    INST_SET_WISDOM = 0x01,
    INST_SET_AGILITY = 0x02,
    INST_PLAY_SOUND = 0x03,
    INST_SPAWN_PART = 0x04
};
```

*El efecto de un spell
se describe ahora como
una lista de bytes*

Patrones

Behavioral Patterns

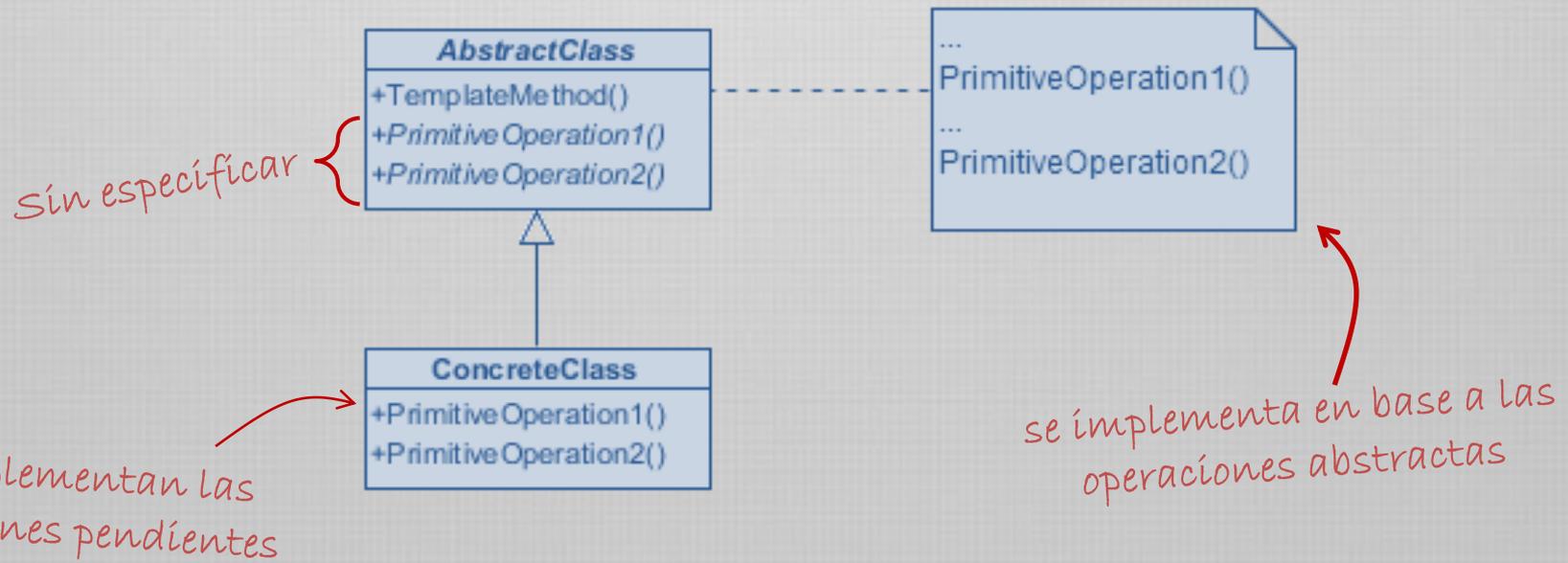
Son patrones que modelan ciertos aspectos relacionados con el comportamiento de elementos del juego

Bytecode

Subclass Sandbox

Type Object

Es similar a **Template Method** (GoF)



Robert Nystrom

Patrones

Behavioral Patterns

Son patrones que modelan ciertos aspectos relacionados con el comportamiento de elementos del juego

Bytecode

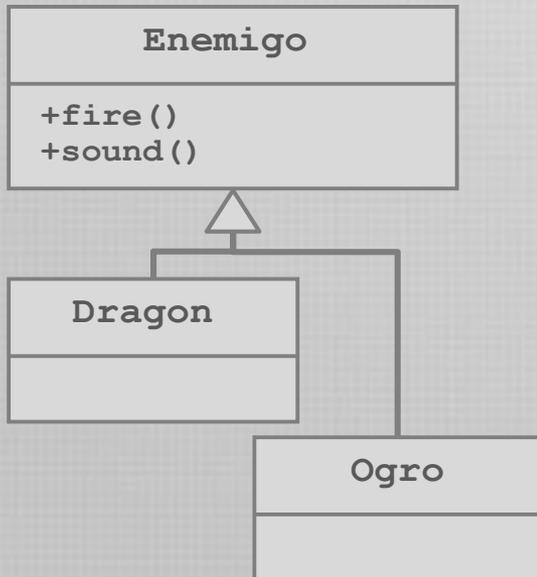
Subclass Sandbox

Type Object

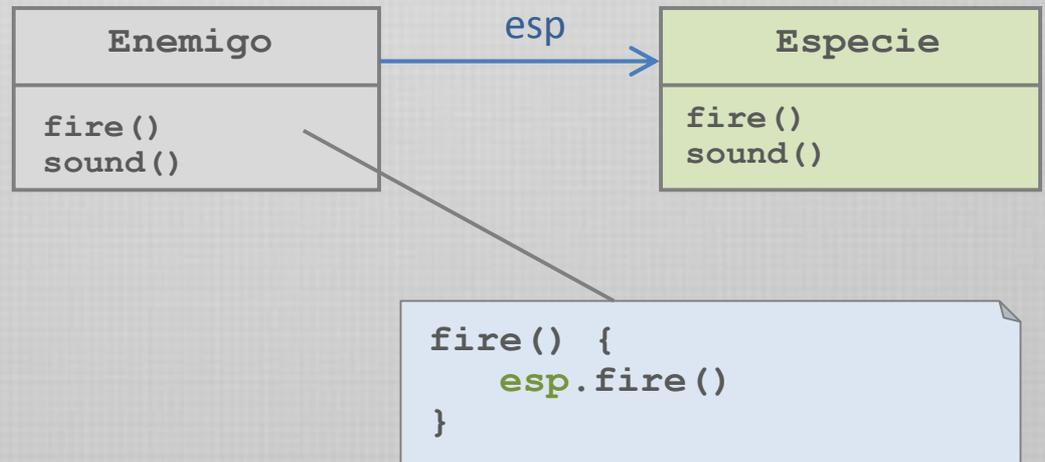


Robert Nystrom

HERENCIA



COMPOSICION (Type Object)



Patrones



Robert Nystrom

Se definen también otros patrones

Decoupling Patterns

Enfocados en
facilitar el cambio y
la modificación

Component
Event Queue
Service Locator

Optimization Patterns

Enfocados en
aumentar la
velocidad del juego

Data Locality
Dirty Flag
Object Pool
Spatial Partition

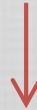
Muchos de ellos tienen fuerte similitud
con algunos patrones GoF

Patrones

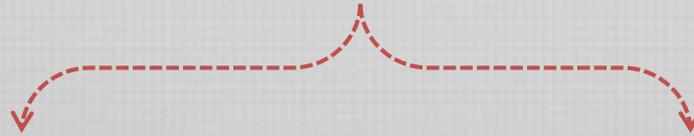


Staffan Bjork

En su trabajo se distinguen patrones con una visión diferente a los anteriores autores



no se basa en el esquema problema-solución



evitan tratar los patrones como soluciones a aplicar

agregar o quitar patrones afecta al gameplay
Requiere otro enfoque

Patrones

Descripción de los *Game Design Patterns*

Descripción
semiformal
*descripción
general del
patrón*

Descripción
inter-relacionada
*relaciones del
patrón con otros
patrones*

Jerarquía de
patrones
*basada en las
instanciaciones
high/low-level*

Intencional o
Emergente
*naturaleza
intencional
del patrón*



Instantiates

¿que otros patrones genera?

Modulates

¿que patrones afecta?

Instantiated by

¿que patrón es necesario?

Modulated by

¿qué patrones lo afectan?

Potential Conflicts

¿con qué patrones puede conflictuar?

*Se describen con
nombre
definición
descripción
uso del patrón
consecuencias
relaciones
referencias*

Patrones

Game Design Patterns

- for Game Elements → sobre objetos que el jugador puede manipular
- for Resource and Resource Management → sobre los tipos de recursos que existen en el juego y cómo el usuario los controla
- for Information, Communication and Presentation → sobre la información del juego y cómo se oculta o muestra al jugador
- Actions and Events → sobre acciones del jugador, como se relacionan con el estado del juego
- for Narrative Structures, Predictability, Immersion → sobre cómo el juego sustenta la inmersión
- for Social Interaction → sobre la interacción social entre los jugadores
- for Goals → sobre las metas en el juego y sus relaciones
- for Goal Structures → sobre aspectos del gameplay relacionados con metas
- for Game Sessions → sobre la participación de los jugadores en la sesión
- for Game Mastery and Balancing → sobre las habilidades del jugador necesarias, sobre el balance del juego
- for Meta Games, Replayability, Learning Curves → sobre aspectos fuera del juego

Patrones

Los patrones se identifican en el juego por

análisis estructural

Análisis sobre el juego,
sin necesidad de jugarlo



*Lives, High Score List, Meta Games;
Collection, Levels, Role Reversal;
Time Limit, Movement,
Geometric Rewards for Investments;
Enemies, Power-Ups, Inaccessible Areas*

play testing

Análisis sobre el juego
al jugarlo



*Illusion of Influence
Immersion
Tension
Social Interaction*

Patrones - Game Elements

Game Worlds

Game World, Reconfigurable Game World, Levels, Inaccessible Areas, Consistent Reality Logic, Alternative Reality, Moveable Tiles

Objects

Enemies, Boss Monsters, Deadly Traps, Obstacles, Avatars, Units, Tools, Controllers, Alarms, Pick-Ups, Power-Ups, Clues, Extra-Game Information, Invisible Walls, God's Finger, Mule, Buttons, Helpers, Traces, Resource Generators, Tiles, Dice, Cards, Card Hands, Drawing Stacks, Discard Piles

Abstract Objects

Score, High Score Lists, Lives, Parallel Lives, Cameras, Ghosts, Book-Keeping Tokens

Locations

Strategic Locations, Outstanding Features, Chargers, Resource Locations, Goal Points, Save Points, Spawn Points, Safe Havens

Patrones - Game Elements

Game World

El entorno en el que el juego tiene lugar está determinado por las relaciones espaciales entre los elementos del juego

¡Presente en casi todos los juegos!



Instantiates: *Consistent Reality Logic, Immersion, Spatial Immersion, Exploration*

Modulates: *Roleplaying, Player Balance, Camping*

Instantiated by: *Tiles, Reconfigurable Game World, Levels*

Modulated by: *Alternative Reality, God Views, Fog of War, Game State*

Overview, Movement, Inaccessible Areas, Tile-Laying, Game Masters, Storytelling, Never Ending Stories, Player Constructed Worlds, Dedicated Game Facilitators, Converters, Easter Eggs, Secret Resources, Obstacles, Deadly Traps, Resource Generators, Producers, Construction, Inaccessible Areas, Enemies, Converters, Resources, Goal Points, Spawn Points, Helpers, Strategic Locations, Outstanding Features, Area Control, First-Person Views, Third-Person Views, Shrinking Game World

Potentially Conflicting with: *None*

Patrones - Game Elements



Levels

A Level is a part of the game in which all player actions take place until a certain goal has been reached or an end condition has been fulfilled.



Boss Monsters

A more powerful enemy the players have to overcome to reach certain goals in the game.



Pick-Ups

Pick-Ups are game elements that exist in the game world and can be collected by players, usually by moving an avatar or Units in contact with the Pick-Up.



Inaccessible Areas

Inaccessible Areas are parts of the Game World the player can perceive but cannot currently enter, such as areas behind locked doors or sufficiently high ledges.

Patrones - Resources



Resources

Game elements that are used by players to enable actions in a game



Limited Resources

The resources available to the players are limited to such extent that they are forced to plan ahead the use of the resources



Secret Resources

Secret Resources are resources that are unknown to at least some of the players



Symmetric Resource Distribution

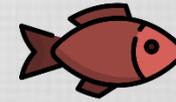
The resources are distributed symmetrically and evenly among the players, that is, the players have similar access and ownership rights to the resources

Patrones – Information, Communication and Presentation



Fog of War

The player has no information about game world areas that are not being observed or have not yet been explored



Red Herrings

Information or potential goals that are designed to either mislead or distract the player



Near Miss Indicators

Players have explicit information about how close they were to achieving a goal when they have failed to achieve it

Patrones – Actions and Events



Damage

Effects from actions or events that can lead to negative consequences.



Illusionary Rewards

The player receives something that is perceived as a reward but does not quantifiably help in completing a goal in the game as expressed by the game state.



Maneuvering

Controlling the movement of game elements in real-time games



New Abilities

Gaining new abilities during gameplay.

Patrones – Narrative Structures, Predictability, and Immersion



Creative Control

Players have the ability to be creative within the Game World



Perceived Chance to Succeed

Players believe, whether correctly or not, that they have a chance to succeed with actions in a game.



Cut Scenes

Sequences of storytelling where players cannot act within the game.



Identification

The characters or parts of the game with which players identify.

Patrones – Goals



Capture

Capture is the goal pattern where the end result is the elimination or change of ownership of an actively resisting goal object



Delivery

Delivery consists of moving a certain game element to another specified game element or place within the game space.



King of the Hill

Reaching and keeping a sought for game state that other players are trying to reach and keep.



Stealth

Stealth is the goal to move through a certain area and perform an action without being detected.